Welcome to GESPS

Primary 5 and 6 Meet-The-Parents Session 12 January 2023, 4.30pm



Progamme

- Principal's Address
- Sharing by Year Head

(separate Zoom link)

- Sharing by Form Teacher
- Form Teachers' Interaction with Parents

Note: Slides will be uploaded on school website by end of next week.

Sharing by Principal, Mr Roy Lee



Sharing by Year Head (Upper Primary) Mr Benjamin Gan



Supporting our children's Development Together ©



Key messages this afternoon

- 1. Holistic education and joy of learning
- 2. Practical tips for parents to support your child
- 3. Establishing a strong school-home partnership
- 4. Direct School Admission to Secondary School (DSA-Sec)



1. Holistic education and joy of learning

"Never stop learning, because life never stops teaching." - Lin Pernille



Four key elements of holistic development

Physical

(e.g. Motor skills, Coordination, Balance)

Intellectual

(e.g. Language, Maths, Memory, Critical Thinking)

Emotional

(e.g. Understanding feelings of self & others, Expression & control of emotions)

Social

(e.g. Making new friends, Support of home & school)

Ignite the Joy of Learning

While exams will continue to be a part of the education journey, how can we help our children **find joy, wonder and passion in learning**?



- 1. Get them intrigued
- 2. Show your passion
- 3. Get them thinking: learning should have continuity

2. Practical tips for parents to support your child

"Prepare the child for the path, not the path for the child" - John Scardina



Continue supporting your child's CCA participation

CCAs provide students with a platform to:

- 1. Learn teamwork, leadership skills and build their self-esteem
- 2. Be in a supportive environment where they can fail safely and learn to pick themselves up
- 3. Make **friends** beyond their class and better appreciate the diverse strengths of others around them

Managing Device Usage

Compulsive use of smartphones can affect our sleep, relationships, productivity and health.

(Sumiko Tan, The Sunday Times, 12 Jan 2020)

Important to manage usage of mobile phones (games, social media), PC (Youtube), Xbox/ PS etc.

How much sleep does a kid need?

School-aged children (5 to 12 years old) need 9 to 12 hours of sleep each night, says pediatric sleep specialist Vaishal Shah, MD. But many children get only 7 to 8 hours per night — sometimes even less.

Studies have linked sleep deprivation with mood swings and reduced cognitive function, including concentration difficulties, lower test scores and a drop in overall school performance. Poor sleep also is associated with poor eating habits and obesity.

Setting of SMART Goals

Measurable Achievable Specific Realistic **Timely** Is it in your What How will you When exactly Can you do you want know when power to realistically do you want to accomplish it? accomplish it? to do? you've achieve it? reached it?



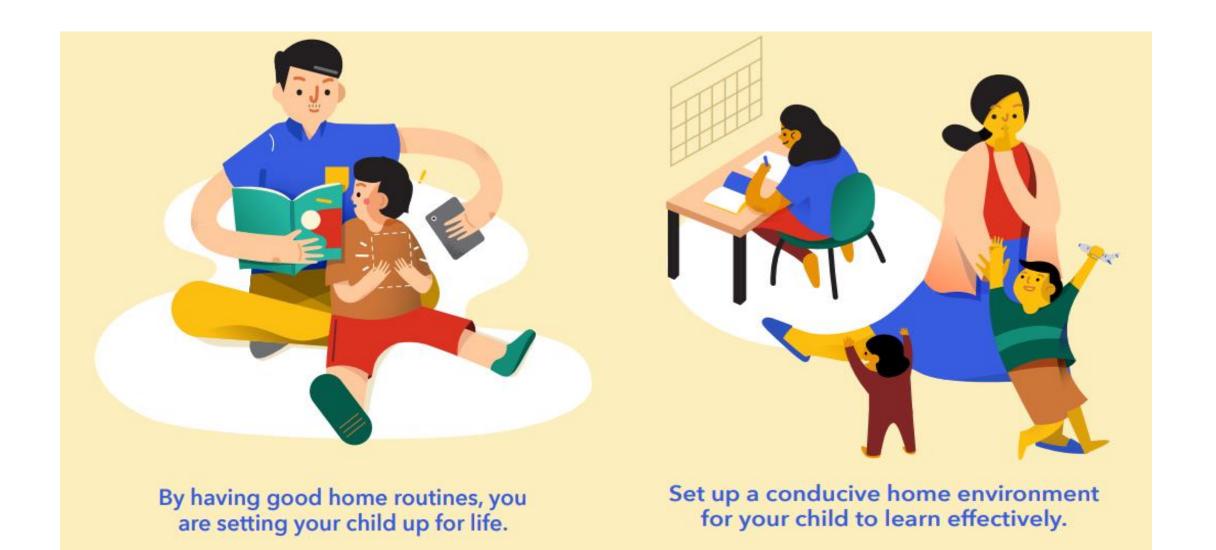
3. Establishing a strong school-home partnership

Our children do best when schools and parents work hand in hand to support them.

We have structures in place to support your child

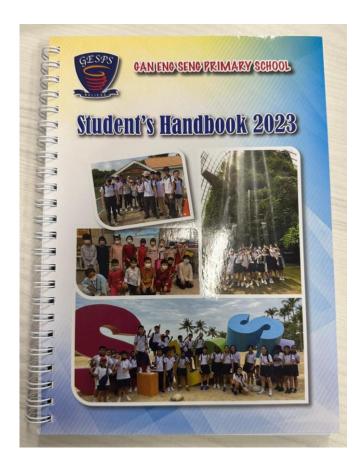
- Academic support for P6: After-school + Holidays
- Skills development: YH & Counsellors share on Stress
 Management and Time Management
- **Emotional support**: Form Teachers, Subject Teachers, Year Head, School Counsellors, Teacher Counsellors, Peer Support Leaders and 'every GESPian a peer supporter'







Familiarise yourself with the Students' Handbook



- Check student handbook daily for homework, notes from teachers
- School expectations and rules (Pg 11-14)
- Acceptable use of technology policy agreement – pls sign (Pg 15)

Direct School Admission (DSA)



Entering a secondary school



PSLE/S1 Posting Exercise

- Based on a student's PSLE score
- Most students enter secondary schools this way



DSA

- Based on a diverse range of talents and achievements in specific academic subjects or non-academic areas, beyond what the PSLE recognises
- Allows students to access school programmes to develop their talents

Direct School Admission (DSA)

 Provides opportunities for enrolment based on talents, potential and achievements that cannot be demonstrated through PSLE

 Secondary schools decide their own admission criteria and selection processes

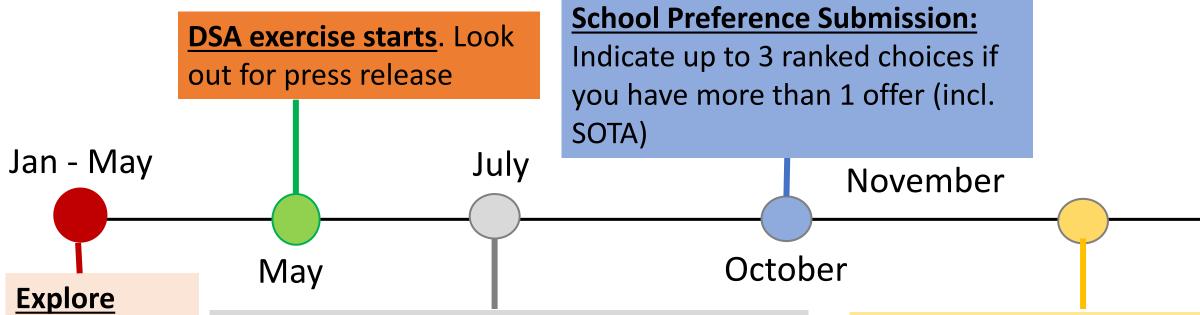
 If shortlisted, your child may have to attend interviews, auditions or trials

Direct School Admission (DSA)

Primary 6 students can apply for DSA-Sec based on a wide-range of talents, including:

- Sports and games
- Visual, literary and performing arts
- Debate and public speaking
- Science, mathematics and engineering
- Languages and humanities
- Uniformed groups
- Leadership (for example, prefects)

What is the timeline for a typical DSA-Sec Exercise?



schools and their talent areas through their websites

Shortlisting and selection by Sec schools.

Each secondary school has different selection criteria for its categories and programmes. Schools will inform you of the selection outcome by Aug.

You will know whether you have been allocated to a school through the DSA, at the same time you receive your PSLE results.

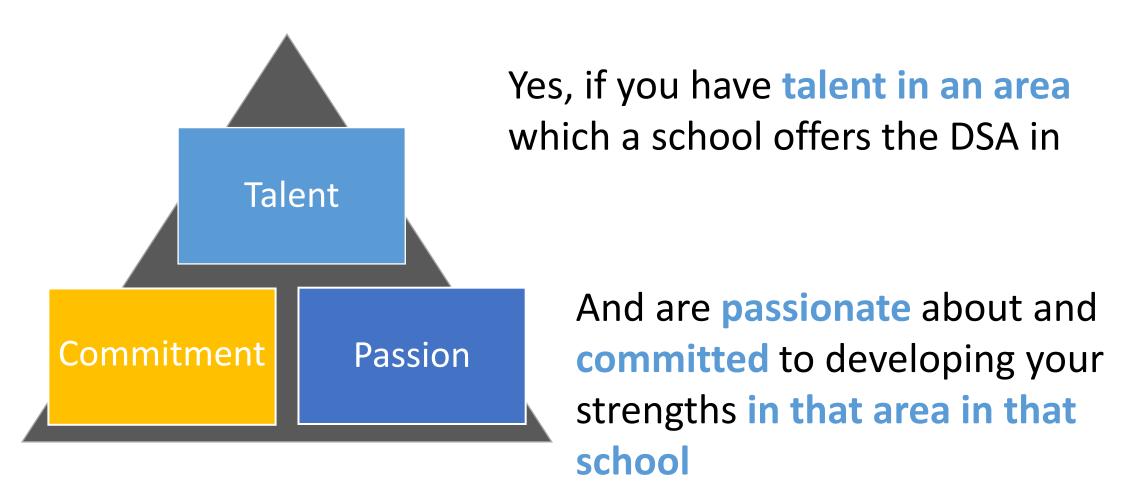
Direct School Admission (DSA)

Specialised Secondary Schools that admit entirely through DSA:

- NUS High School of Math & Science
- School of Science & Technology (SST)
- School of the Arts (SOTA)
- Singapore Sports School

* Refer to the school's website for more information

Is the DSA right for me?



Useful Links

MOE DSA website:

https://www.moe.gov.sg/secondary/dsa

MOE School Finder:

https://www.moe.gov.sg/schoolfinder



ADVESTISEMENT

Revamped DSA scheme to give students from disadvantaged families a leg up



he latest adjustments to the Direct School Admission scheme will make it more accessible to applicants, including nose who are not so "well-resourced", Second Minister for Education Indianee Rajah said.

Follow us on Instagram and Tiktok, and join our Telegram channel for the latest update

SINGAPORE — Acknowledging that students from well-off families are in a better position to utilise the Direct School Admission (DSA) scheme, Second Minister for Education Indranee Rajah stressed on Thursday (Nov 8) that the latest refinements to the scheme will give students from disadvantaged backgrounds a leg up.

For years, critics have pointed out that the scheme - introduced in 2004 - has deviated



BY FARIS MOKHTAR



Thank You





English Language

English Language (ORACY)

Listening & Viewing and Speaking & Representing

- 1. Presenting for Confidence
 - P6: Persuasive Speech (prepared & impromptu)
 - Being a good audience
- 2. <u>Learning Dialogic Skills</u>
 - Communicating with awareness of PAC (Purpose, Audience and Context)

English Language (LITERACY)

Writing

Overarching Desired Outcome:

- Authentic and detailed writing using accurate grammar and a range of appropriate vocabulary
- No change in **Foundation English Language** assessment (from P5)
 - CW Picture series; SW Informal writing
- No change in English Language assessment for Continuous Writing
 - CW Given topic with 3 pictures (same as P5)

New for P6 EL Situational Writing (from P5 EL)

Distinguishing between Informal and Formal use of language according to the PAC (purpose, audience & context)

How parents can support......

Environment

- Provide frequent opportunities to use English in listening, speaking, reading and writing
- Provide sufficient English reading materials

Role model

- Show that you believe learning English is both enjoyable and useful in your daily life
- Read with your child



Mathematics

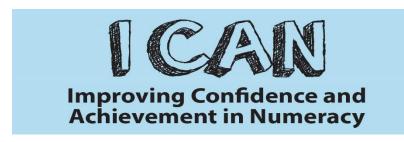
Necessary items to be brought daily:

- Pupils' Books
- > Calculators
- Mini-whiteboards and markers



Improving Confidence and Achievement in Numeracy

ICAN is an approach to support students using intervention strategies and models that are guided by research to tackle the 4 key issues of learning gaps, language, motivation and memory. The lessons follow the FREMC structure – Factual Fluency, Readiness, Engagement, Mastery and Consolidation.



Phase 1: Factual Fluency

Teachers help students to become fluent in Mathematical facts such as in their Multiplication facts

Phase 2: Readiness

Diagnostic test or activities are used to check on pupils' prior knowledge so that teachers could pitch the lesson according to the students' readiness level from the start





Phase 3: Engagement

- The Concrete, Pictorial and Abstract (CPA) approach is employed to help students make sense of their learning and provide the necessary scaffolding.

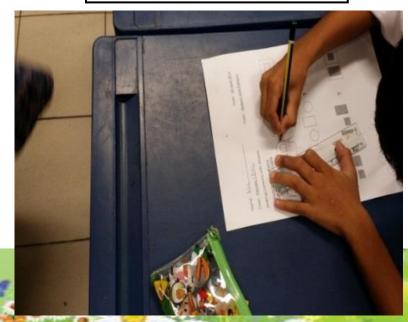
Concrete

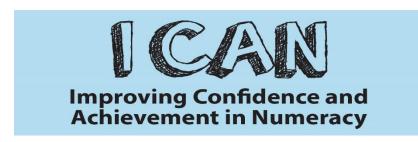


Pictorial



Abstract





Phase 4: Mastery

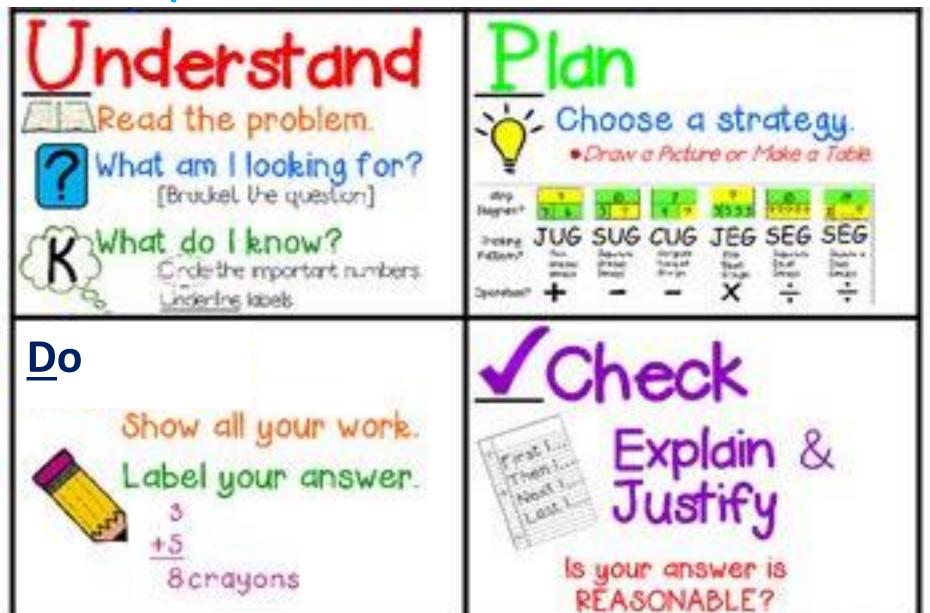
➤ Learning is reinforced through the use of the pen and paper practices, games, writing math journal or performing a practical task.

Phase 5: Consolidation

Opportunities are provided for students to articulate their learning such as through the use of exit tickets or self-assessment checklist.



Steps to Solve Word Problems







How parents can support......

- Ask questions:

 The parent is the guide in asking questions. Questioning children is an excellent way to develop their thinking.
- Encourage your child
- Engage your child in reasoning



Science

Features of Inquiry-based Approach

Question

Students engage with an event, phenomenon or problem.

Evidence

Students determine what constitutes evidence and collect and analyse data.

Explanation

Students formulate their own explanation after summarizing evidence.

Connections

Students evaluate their explanations.

Communication

Students communicate and justify their explanations.



5E Instructional Model

Engage

Teachers elicit students' prior knowledge, stimulate interest and gather diagnostic data to inform teaching and learning.

Explore

Students carry out hands-on investigations in which they can explore the concept or skill.

Explain

Students develop scientific explanations, drawing from experiences and observations, using representations.

Elaborate

Students apply what they have learned to new situations and develop a deeper understanding of the concept or greater use of their science inquiry skills.

Evaluate

Students review and reflect on their own learning, and on their new understanding and skills.

Science Strategies

- "Find It and Fix It" to correct misconceptions in concept cartoon In concept cartoons, minimal language is used. Visual images are utilised to present concepts or questions relating to one central idea or word.
- OCA (O-Observe, C-Concept, A-Apply)
 OCA approach guides students in answering open ended questions.
- Cooperative Learning In working with others, students are exposed to different points of views and solutions in accomplishing a common goal.
- Games
 Games engage students in play or simulations for the learning of concepts or skills.

How parents can support......



- Value your child's questions
- Explore and find answers together
- Encourage curiosity
- PSLE Revision: Includes P3 P6 topics



Mother Tongue

The Learning of Mother Tongue Languages

- Deepening and Building on the content taught in P5
- Listening (News, Dialogue, Advertisement, Story, Notice)
- E-Oral (Reading Aloud & Conversation with Video Stimulus)
- Language Use & Comprehension P5 & P6 syllabus
- Writing (*Topic Essay with 3-4 guiding questions or

Gan Eng Seng Primary School

How parents can support......

- Listening: Practice sieving out relevant information in the different forms (radio, TV, dialogue, etc)
- > E-Oral: Reading practice reading aloud, record and listen
- Video Stimuli: Conversation- observe and elaborate content by responding to key questions asked.
- Essay Writing: Write a complete story based on the topic/ pictures
- Provide the environment and opportunities to converse in MTL
- Use online resources to motivate them in MT



The Learning of Mother Tongue Languages

Parents' Guide to MTL Curriculum (available for download)

https://www.schoolbag.edu.sg/story/how-parents-can-support-their-children-in-the-learning-of-mother-tongue-languages

Available in both English and the respective Mother Tongue Languages.

• Provides some recommendations on learning resources

• Provides suggestions on how parents could play an active role in their children's learning and work alongside with schools to help their children

learn the language better.









MTL Online Teaching & Learning Resources

mtl.moe.edu.sg





Gan Eng Jeng Frinary School



SLS- student learning space (Imtl portal)

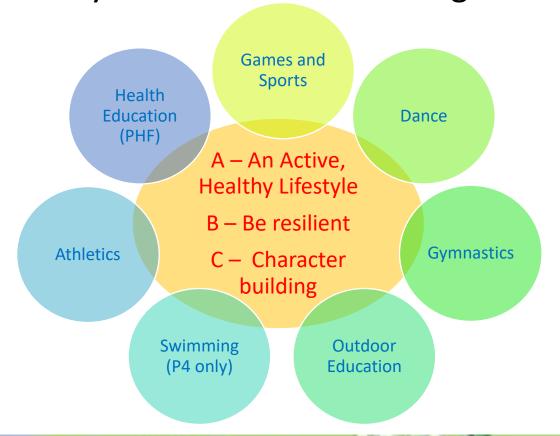




Physical Education, Art & Music (PAM)

Teaching & Learning of PE

GESPS goals (ABCs) in <u>Physical Education</u> are achieved through the 7 Physical Education Learning Areas



Teaching & Learning of Art & Music

Aesthetics is identified as our Learning for Life Programme which primarily uses a 3-E Approach (Exposure, Enrichment and Excellence).

1. Exposure – Our Aesthetics programmes across each level, allow students to have the opportunities to experience, learn

and appreciate the Arts.

Level	Art	Music
P1	Modelling Clay	Music & Movement
P2	Collagraph Printmaking	Percussions
P3	Acrylic Painting	Recorder
P4	Batik	Orff & Angklung
P5	Ceramics	Keyboard / Ukulele
P6	Pencil Sketching and Charcoal Drawing	Keyboard / Ukulele

^{*} Activities are subjected to changes from year to year

- 2. Enrichment Aesthetics Appreciation Week is at the end of each semester, Assembly Programmes, Other Art related learning journeys are some of the different ways we enrich our students in Art & Music.
- 3. Excellence Achieved through our Aesthetics based CCAs (Art Club, Brass Band, Choir and Dances)



Student Well-Being

Attendance Matters

- Attending school regularly (by 7.30am) helps your child/ward in their holistic progress and achievement. A student who fails to attend school on a regular basis will find it challenging to keep up with the curriculum when he/she returns to school.
- If your child is unable to attend school, please inform the form teacher of the absence on the very same day and during school hours.
- For children who are unwell, student absence should be covered with a Medical Certificate (MC).
- For urgent home matters, student absences must be supported with a parent's/guardian's letter (hardcopy or via official email).
- Medical certificates/parent's letter for absence from school must be submitted to the Form Teacher the day the student returns to school.

Staying Healthy

- Have a well-balanced diet.
- Have enough rest.
- Exercise regularly.
- Practise good hygiene habits (wear mask, wash hands, social distancing, wipe down)
- Before coming to school, students must check if they are feeling unwell.